

Colorado Basin Outlook Report June 1, 2013



This photo of the precipitation can and snow pillow at the Middle Creek SNOTEL site in the headwaters of the Rio Grande basin was taken on 5/29/2013 during the annual summer maintenance visit. Typically, at this time of year, this site would still have 5.6 inches of snow water equivalent on the snow pillow but this season it was completely snow free by 5/19/2013.

While many of the SNOTEL sites in northern Colorado are still inaccessible due to late season snow remaining on the ground, most of the SNOTEL sites in the southwest portion of the state have melted out.

Photo is courtesy of Mike Ardison, Hydrologic Technician, NRCS Denver, CO.

Basin Outlook Reports

and Federal - State - Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

Mage Hultstrand
Assistant Data Collection Office Supervisor
USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service
Denver Federal Center, Bldg 56, Rm 2604
PO Box 25426
Denver, CO 80225-0426
Phone (720) 544-2855

How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in the western United States originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated SNOTEL sites, along with precipitation, antecedent streamflow, and indices of the El Niño / Southern Oscillation are used in computerized statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. Unless otherwise specified, all forecasts are for flows that would occur naturally without any upstream influences.

Forecasts of any kind, of course, are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertain knowledge of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast. The others can be interpreted similarly.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known; this is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or if they wish to increase their chances of having an adequate supply of water for their operations, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. On the other hand, if users are concerned about receiving too much water (for example, threat of flooding), they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. Regardless of the forecast value users choose for operations, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water. (Users should remember that even if the 90% exceedance probability forecast is used, there is still a 10% chance of receiving less than this amount.) By using the exceedance probability information, users can easily determine the chances of receiving more or less water.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Colorado Water Supply Outlook Report June 1, 2013

Summary

Weather patterns established in late April continued during May, with continued storm activity across western and northern Colorado's river basins and persistent dry conditions in the southwest basins. Coupled with the moisture, the northern basins also saw cooler temperatures in May which delayed snowmelt even at the lower elevations. While the strong end to the snow accumulation season has improved water supplies in these basins, temperatures in June will determine runoff rates and how long into summer we will continue to see decent river flows. Conversely, demonstrating Colorado's extremely variable climate, a large portion of the state is still expected to see well below average streamflows this season due to a particularly dry winter.

Snowpack

According to SNOTEL data, statewide snowpack totals reached the seasonal maximum this year on April 21st, nearly two weeks later than normal. From basin to basin this varied widely; the South Platte basin reached its maximum on May 10th, 11 days later than normal, while the combined San Juan, Animas, Dolores and San Miguel basins peaked on March 22nd, two weeks earlier than normal. With snow continuing to accumulate in the northern river basins during May, especially in the South Platte basin, the statewide snowpack was 92 percent of median on June 1. Again it is important to note the large disparity between the northern and southern portions of the state. As of June 1, the Colorado basin's snowpack was 108 percent of median, the South Platte was 153 percent of median and the Yampa, White and North Platte basins were 81 percent of median. In contrast the Upper Rio Grande and combined San Juan, Animas, San Miguel and Dolores basins were both at just 2 percent of median. In these basins an early melt out of a well below average snowpack continues to plague water supplies.

Precipitation

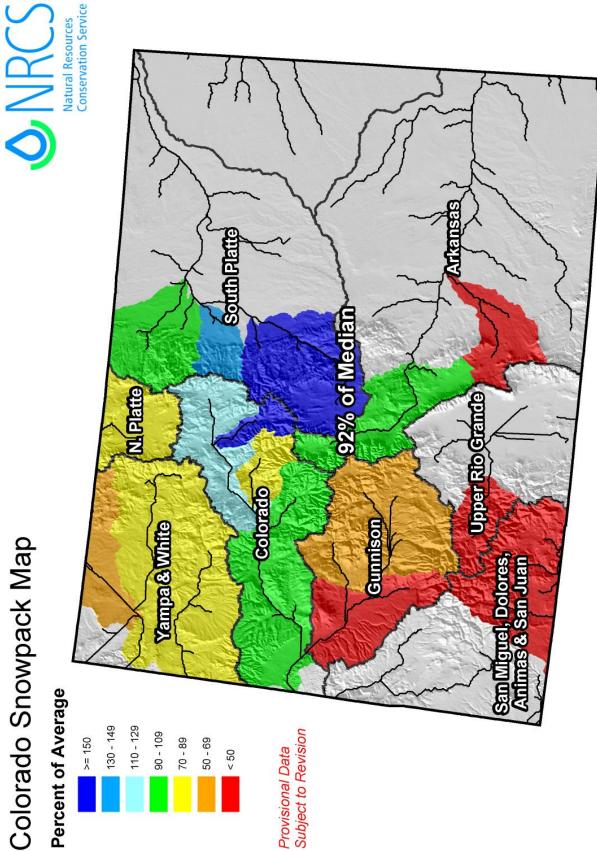
May was a fairly wet month across most of Colorado. Total precipitation recorded at SNOTEL sites in the state during May was 93 percent of average amounts. Monthly totals were well above average in the South Platte, Arkansas, and Colorado River basins; 125, 102, and 113 percent respectively. It is probably no great surprise that precipitation totals in the southern part of the state were nowhere near normal this past month. May precipitation in the Upper Rio Grande basin was only 58 percent of average and the combined San Juan, Dolores, Animas, and San Juan basins recorded 60 percent of average precipitation for the month. Statewide year to date precipitation was 81 percent of average on June 1 which is 108 percent of last year's totals at this time of year.

Reservoir Storage

Colorado's reservoir storage was 78 percent of average at the end of May, and 79 percent of last year's storage at this time of year. Overall statewide storage totals increased by nearly 400,000 acre-feet from last month. However, with cooler temperatures keeping snowmelt in check in the northern part of the state, reservoir inflows during May were below average in most basins. Nearly all basins in Colorado are reporting below average storage, but with the northern basins still holding snow this will change in short order as snowmelt kicks into high gear in the next few weeks.

Streamflow

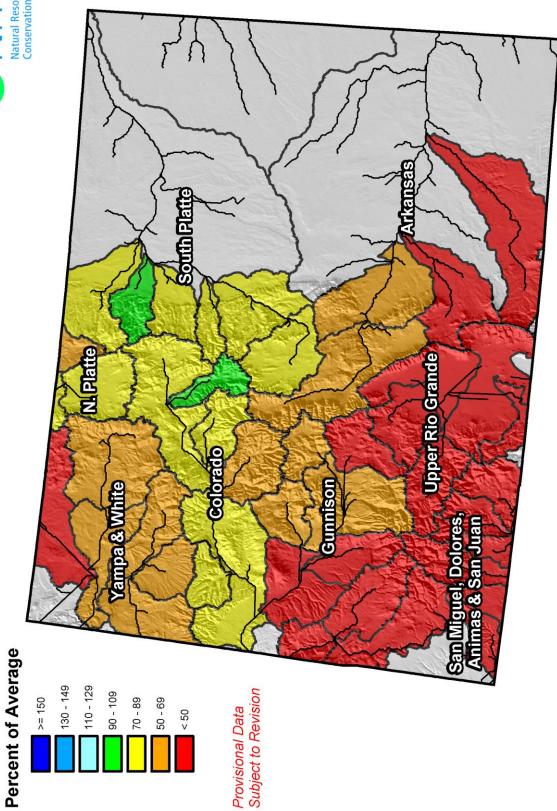
Additional moisture received during May contributed to moderate increases to streamflow forecasts throughout northern Colorado. Many streams in the Colorado and South Platte River basins are now expected to see above average volumes for the April through July runoff period and in some areas delayed snowmelt has contributed to even higher forecast percentages for the June through July period. With dry conditions persisting throughout May in the southern part of the state, the forecasts for the Upper Rio Grande and the San Juan, Animas, Dolores and San Miguel basins remain well below average for the season. The lowest runoff forecasts continue to be for those streams flowing from the Sangre de Cristo Mountains, on average streams in that region are expected to flow at 28 percent of average from April to September.



Current as of June 1, 2013

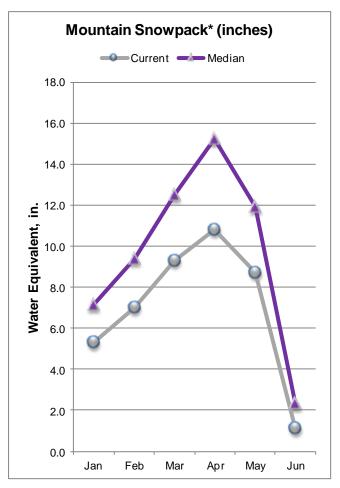
Colorado Streamflow Forecast Map

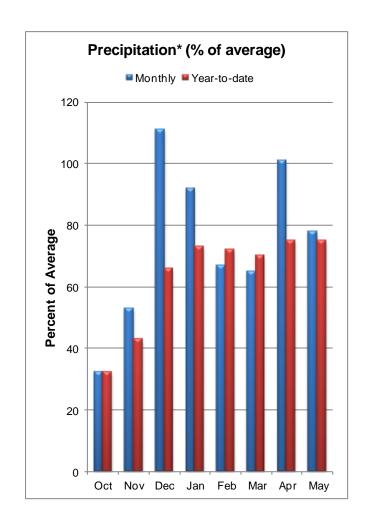




Current as of June 1, 2013

GUNNISON RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2013





*Based on selected stations

The snowpack in the Gunnison River basin began to melt in earnest in May, having reached 76 percent of the average peak snowpack on April 21st. June 1 snow surveys reported the snowpack to be just 46 percent of the median compared to 73 percent of median reported last month. The Uncompanier watershed was completely melted out by June 1, according to data from the SNOTEL sites in the sub basin, while the Upper Gunnison and Surface Creek subbasins reported snowpack's at 59 and 43 percent of median respectively. Mountain precipitation recorded for the month of May was just 78 percent of average in the basin and year to date precipitation totals remain at 75 percent of average as of June 1.

With the snowpack melting, reservoirs in the Gunnison basin have been able to improve their storage volumes over the last month. Total storage amounts increased from 585,000 acre-feet last month to 692,000 acre-feet this month, which equates to 86 percent of the average storage for this time of year. The most recent streamflow forecasts for the Gunnison basin do not deviate much from those issued last month. The expected Inflow to Blue Mesa Reservoir for April to July increased by 3 percentage points this month, it is now expected to flow at 54 percent of average this season. Elsewhere streamflow volumes from June to July are expected to range from 63 percent of average for the Inflow to Taylor Park Reservoir to 32 percent of average for Tomichi Creek at Gunnison.

GUNNISON RIVER BASIN

Streamflow	Forecasts	- June	1,	2013

		Streamflo	w Forecas	ts - Ju	ne 1, 201				
	 _	 	= Drier =		Future Co	nditions =====	=== Wetter		
Forecast Point	Forecast	======		==== Ch	ance Of E	xceeding * ====		 	
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AE	 ')	50 (1000AF)	%	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Taylor Park Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	54 27	61 34	 	66 39	67 63	71 44	80 53	99 62
Slate R nr Crested Butte	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	52 17.8	56 22		59 25	71 60	62 28	67 33	83 42
East R at Almont	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	98 48	105 55		110 60	60 57	115 65	124 74	182 106
Gunnison R nr Gunnison (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	171 85	194 108		210 125	57 58	230 143	260 172	370 215
Tomichi Ck at Sargents	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	12.6 2.7	14.6 4.7	 	16.2 6.3	54 46	18.1 8.2	21 11.3	30 13.8
Cochetopa Ck bl Rock Ck nr Parlin	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	4.0 0.8	5.1 1.9	 	6.0 2.8	40 39	7.1 3.9	9.1 5.9	15.0 7.2
Tomichi Ck at Gunnison	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	22 4.9	26 8.8	 	29 12.0	39 32	33 15.8	39 22	7 4 37
Lake Fk at Gateview	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	55 21	62 28	 	67 33	 55 41	73 39	81 47	123 81
Blue Mesa Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	320 143	345 169	 	365 187	1 54 49	380 205	410 235	675 380
Paonia Reservoir Inflow (2)	MAR-JUN JUNE APR-JUL	31 3.6 30	33 5.0 32		37 9.0 37	39 39 38	56 28 53	83 55 78	96 23 97
NF Gunnison R nr Somerset (2)	JUN-JUL APR-JUL JUN-JUL	4.4 131 31	6.0 142 42		11.0 150 50	38 52 44	27 159 59	52 174 74	29 290 114
Surface Ck at Cedaredge	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	5.7 1.6	6.4 2.3		7.0 2.9	42 38	7.6 3.5	8.7 4.6	16.8 7.6
Ridgway Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	40 20	45 25		48 28	48 43	52 32	57 37	101 65
Uncompangre R at Colona (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	45 13.9	52 21		58 27	42 33	65 34	75 44	137 81
Gunnison R nr Grand Junction (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	605 210	640 245		670 275	45 40	700 305	7 4 5 350	1480 695
	RIVER BASIN	of Mov			======= 		ISON RIVER		2012
Reservoir Storage (100					' 	Watershed Snown	_		-, 2013
Reservoir	Usable Capacity 	*** Usab This Year	le Storag Last Year		 Water 	shed	Numbe of Data Si	=====	Year as % of ======== Yr Median
BLUE MESA	830.0	397.9	526.3	517.1	====== UPPER	GUNNISON BASIN	1 9	0	59
CRAWFORD	14.0	8.5	9.2	12.6	 SURFA	CE CREEK BASIN	2	0	43
FRUITGROWERS	3.6	3.1	2.8	4.0	UNCOM	PAHGRE BASIN	3	0	0
FRUITLAND	9.2	8.4	1.6	6.3	TOTAL	GUNNISON RIVER	R BASI 12	0	46
MORROW POINT	121.0	112.2	112.3	113.8	 				
PAONIA	15.4	15.4	15.3	15.7	į				

61.2 |

71.8

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

75.1

80.5

83.0 72.7

106.0 73.5

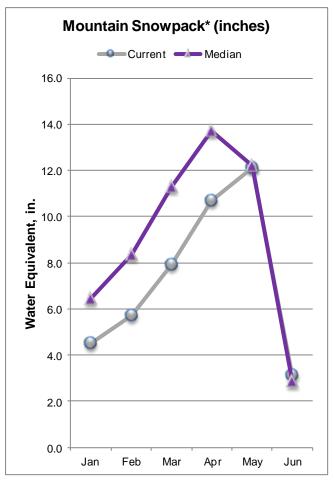
RIDGWAY

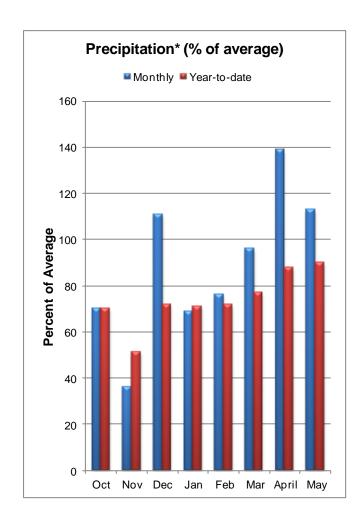
TAYLOR PARK

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2013





Thanks to cooler temperatures this spring and additional moisture received in the Colorado River basin during May, the snowpack in the basin is above normal for this time of year. As of June 1 the snowpack was at 108 percent of the median, the only month this season to report above normal totals. With its snowpack at just 43 percent of median, the Plateau Creek drainage, just north of the Grand Mesa in western Colorado, was the only sub basin with a below normal snowpack report this month. For the second consecutive month the Colorado basin recorded above average mountain precipitation which has helped boost year to date precipitation totals to 90 percent of average as of June 1.

As of the end of May, reservoir storage in the Colorado basin was at 83 percent of average, up from 67 percent of average reported last month. As temperatures warm up and the higher elevation snow melts off water managers should be able to improve storage in the basin even further. Nearly all streamflow forecasts in the basin have improved again this month. Forecasts for the April to July period are now expected to range from 111 percent of average for the Inflow to Willow Creek Reservoir to 62 percent of average for the Roaring Fork at Glenwood Springs. Inflows to Lake Granby, Willow Creek Reservoir and Green Mountain Reservoir for the remainder of the season (June to July) are now expected to be 92 percent of average.

^{*}Based on selected stations

UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

		<<=====	Drier ===		Future Co	nditions ==	===== Wette	r ====>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast	 =======		=== Ch	ance Of E	xceeding * =			
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	!	50 (1000AF)	% (% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Lake Granby Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	181	196	 	205	93	======== 220	235	220
	JUN-JUL	106	121	-	132	92	144	161	144
Willow Ck Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	46	50	i	52	111	i 55	59	47
	JUN-JUL	13.7	17.0	!	19.4	92	l 22	26	21
Williams Fk bl Williams Fk Reservoir	APR-JUL	79	86	i i	91	94	I I 96	104	97
	JUN-JUL	49	56	İ	61	92	66	74	66
Blue R bl Dillon (2)	APR-JUL	125	136	l	144	88	l I 152	165	163
2140 1. 21 2111011 (2)	JUN-JUL	81	92	i	100	91	108	121	110
Blue R bl Green Mountain Reservoir	APR-JUL	215	235	l I	250	91	l I 270	295	275
Dide K Di Green Mouncain Reservoir	JUN-JUL	131	154	i	170	92	187	215	185
Muddy Ck bl Wolford Mtn Reservoir nr	ADD_TIT	35	38	1	40	74	l I 43	47	54
Muddy Ck DI WOITOID Mich Reservoir hi	JUN-JUL	6.6	9.6	i	12.0	65	14.6	19.0	18.4
Facile P. b. Company (2)	APR-JUL	189	215	!	235	70	l I 260	295	335
Eagle R bl Gypsum (2)	JUN-JUL	105	133	¦ .	153	70 73	260 175	210	210
-1 1		1040	1140	!		0.5	1	1.400	1400
Colorado R nr Dotsero (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	1040 531	1140 629	l I	1210 700	86 83	1290 775	1400 892	1400 840
				į			İ		
Ruedi Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	72 40	84 52		93 61	67 69	103 71	119 87	139 89
				i			i		
Roaring Fk at Glenwood Springs (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	370 215	400 245	-	425 270	62 59	450 295	490 335	690 455
	OON OOL	213	243	i	270	33	l 293	333	433
Colorado R nr Cameo (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	1520 798	1660 938	!	1760 1040	75 73	1870 1147	2030 1314	2350 1420
	JON-JOL	796	936	i	1040	73	1147 	1314	1420
UPPER COLORAD	O RIVER BAS	======== STN			 I	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	R COLORADO RIV		
Reservoir Storage (1000					i		nowpack Analys		, 2013
	Usable	*** Usabl	e Storage	***	======= 		Numbe	er This	ear as % of
Reservoir	Capacity	This	Last	7	Water	shed	of Data St		/n Modian
	I =======	Year	Year	Avg	 =======		Data Si	ites Last :	r Median

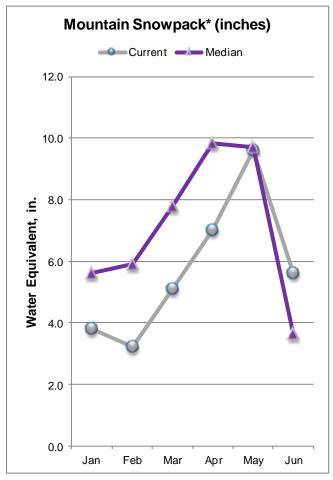
Reservoir	Usable Capacity 	y This Last		ge *** 	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year as % o		
DILLON	25 4 .0	193.8	243.1	229.0	BLUE RIVER BASIN	5	2700	178	
LAKE GRANBY	465.6	195.7	351.5	302.9	UPPER COLORADO RIVER BA	SI 14	5747	111	
GREEN MOUNTAIN	146.8	87.5	95.0	76.1	MUDDY CREEK BASIN	1	0	0	
HOMESTAKE	43.0	5.4	0.3	20.3	PLATEAU CREEK BASIN	2	0	43	
RUEDI	102.0	74.6	85.1	74.2	ROARING FORK BASIN	7	0	105	
VEGA	32.9	28.2	30.6	29.2 29.2	WILLIAMS FORK BASIN	1	0	163	
WILLIAMS FORK	97.0	71.1	91.9	63.6	WILLOW CREEK BASIN	2	0	0	
WILLOW CREEK	9.1	8.6	7.1	7.4 I	TOTAL COLORADO RIVER BA	SI 23	6813	101	

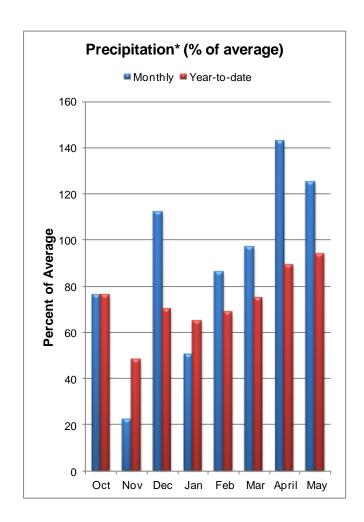
^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2013





*Based on selected stations

It looked like the snowpack in the South Platte River Basin had reached its peak on May 3rd after a series of storms hit the region during the latter part of April. Snowmelt began to get underway and then things switched gears again and the basin received enough snowfall to set a higher, secondary peak on May 10th. As of June 1, the South Platte basin's snowpack was at 153 percent of median a welcome effect of all the late season snow and below average spring temperatures. Sub basin snowpack's range from 96 percent of median in the Cache la Poudre watershed to 178 percent of median in the Clear Creek drainage. Year to date precipitation in the basin was 94 percent of average on June 1, and precipitation recorded for May was 125 percent of average.

Reservoir storage in the South Platte basin was at 91 percent of average at the end of May, and 97 percent of last year's storage at this time. With the exception of the Bear Creek forecast points, current forecasts for the South Platte basin improved or remained the same as last months. The forecast for the Inflow to Antero Reservoir had the biggest change and is now expected to see flows that are 101 percent of average for the April to July time period. Elsewhere streamflow volumes are now predicted to range from 106 percent of average for the Inflow to both Spinney Mountain Reservoir and Elevenmile Canyon Reservoir to 71 percent of average for Bear Creek near Morrison.

SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN

Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

		<<=====	Drier ====	== Future Co	nditions ==	====== Wette	c =====>>	 !	
Forecast Point	Foresat			1 1					
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	====== 90%	70%	= Chance Of Ex I 50°	-	 I 30%	10%	30-Yr Avg.	
	Ì	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	
Antero Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	10.8	13.0	14.6	101	=====================================	19.3	14.5	
	APR-SEP	12.3	15.4	17.8	100	20	25	17.8	
	JUN-JUL	6.2	8.4	10.0	100	11.8	14.7	10.0	
	JUN-SEP	7.7	10.8	13.2	100	15.8 	20	13.2	
Spinney Mountain Res Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	38	45	, 51	106	, J 57	68	48	
	APR-SEP	44	55	l 64	105	73	89	61	
	JUN-JUL	22	29	35	103	41	52	34	
	JUN-SEP	28	39	48 	104	57 	73	46	
Elevenmile Canyon Res Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	39	47	j 53	106	59	70	50	
	APR-SEP	46	57	1 66	103	76	93	64	
	JUN-JUL	22	30	1 36	103	42	53	35	
	JUN-SEP	29	40	49	102	59 	76	48	
Cheesman Lake Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	62	75	86	86	, 98	117	100	
	APR-SEP	73	94	110	87	128	158	126	
	JUN-JUL	34	47	J 58	95	J 70	89	61	
	JUN-SEP	45	66	82	93	100	130	88	
South Platte R at South Platte (2)	APR-JUL	104	126	143	79	 162	192	180	
	APR-SEP	126	160	186	83	215	265	225	
	JUN-JUL	59	81	J 98	93	117	147	106	
	JUN-SEP	81	115	141	92	170	220	153	
Bear Ck ab Evergreen	APR-JUL	9.0	10.9	1 12.4	76	 14.0	16.7	16.4	
_	APR-SEP	11.8	14.5	16.6	79	18.9	23	21	
	JUN-JUL	4.4	6.3	7.8	89	9.4	12.1	8.8	
	JUN-SEP	7.2	9.9	12.0	89	14.3	18.1	13.5	
Bear Ck at Morrison	APR-JUL	10.4	13.2	1 15.5	71	I 18.2	23	22	
	APR-SEP	13.2	17.2	1 20	71	24	30	28	
	JUN-JUL	4.2	7.0	9.3	89	12.0	16.5	10.4	
	JUN-SEP	7.0	11.0	14.3	89	18.0	24	16.1	
Clear Ck at Golden	APR-JUL	74	84	l 92	88	I 100	113	105	
	APR-SEP	83	97	107	84	118	135	128	
	JUN-JUL	52	62	70	92	78	91	76	
	JUN-SEP	61	75	85	85	96	113	100	
St. Vrain Ck at Lyons (2)	APR-JUL	69	75	80	91	l 85	92	88	
	APR-SEP	78	87	J 93	90	100	110	103	
	JUN-JUL	36	42	47	81	52	59	58	
	JUN-SEP	45	54	[60	82	l 67	77	73	
Boulder Ck nr Orodell (2)	APR-JUL	41	44	47	87	, J 50	54	54	
	APR-SEP	46	51	54	86	57	63	63	
	JUN-JUL	27	30] 33	92	36	40	36	
	JUN-SEP	32	37	40	89	43	49	45	
S Boulder Ck nr Eldorado Springs(2)	APR-JUL	24	29	34	87	ı 39	47	39	
	APR-SEP	25	31	J 37	86	l 43	53	43	
	JUN-JUL	11.3	16.7	21	91	26	34	23	
	JUN-SEP	12.3	18.8	24	89	J 30	40	27	
Big Thompson R at Canyon Mouth (2)	APR-JUL	71	79	I 85	94	l 91	101	90	
	APR-SEP	83	93	101	94	109	122	107	
	JUN-JUL	41	49	55	87	61	71	63	
	JUN-SEP	53	63	71	89	79	92	80	
Cache La Poudre at Canyon Mouth (2)	APR-JUL	161	183	l 200	89	l 220	245	225	
2 1-/									
	APR-SEP	175	200	220	88	240	275	250	
	APR-SEP JUN-JUL	175 85	200 107	220 124	88 87	240 142	170	250 143	

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities the actual volume will that exceed the volumes in the table

The streamflow averages are computed for the 1981-2010 base period.

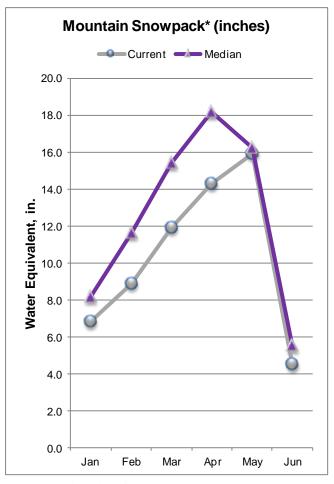
The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

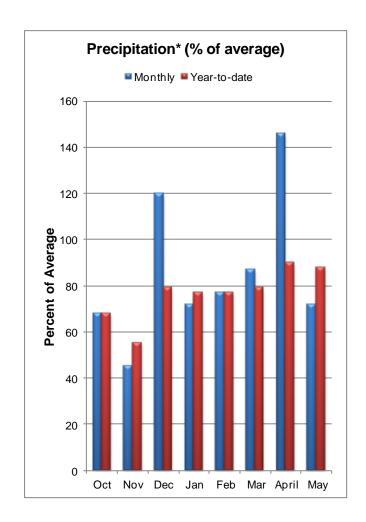
SOUTH F	PLATTE RIVER BASI (1000 AF) - End	SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - June 1, 2013						
	Usable		able Stora	-		Number	This Yea	
Reservoir	Capacity 	This Year	Last Year	Avg		of Data Sites	Last Yr	Media
ANTERO	19.9	17.9	15.8	16.0	BIG THOMPSON BASIN	3	0	104
BARR LAKE	30.1	26.7	23.6	27.7	BOULDER CREEK BASIN	3	310	146
BLACK HOLLOW	6.5	2.9	4.6	4.4	CACHE LA POUDRE BASIN	2	0	96
BOYD LAKE	48.4	21.6	36.9	40.0 I	CLEAR CREEK BASIN	1	0	163
BUTTON ROCK/RALPH PRICE	16.2	15.4	13.7	14.7	SAINT VRAIN BASIN	1	0	0
CACHE LA POUDRE	10.1	9.8	10.0	9.1 9.1	UPPER SOUTH PLATTE BASI	N 1	0	1650
CARTER	108.9	94.7	83.2	100.2	TOTAL SOUTH PLATTE BASI	N 11	2421	127
CHAMBERS LAKE	8.8	4.9	7.3	5.8 J				
CHEESMAN	79.0	57.5	71.4	66.2				
COBB LAKE	22.3	11.7	17.9	14.7				
ELEVEN MILE	98.0	97.2	99.9	97.1				
EMPIRE	36.5	30.3	27.9	30.7 J				
FOSSIL CREEK	11.1	10.7	9.7	8.0 J				
GROSS	41.8	29.8	34.8	28.8 28.8				
HALLIGAN	6.4	6.4	5.2	6.0 J				
HORSECREEK	14.7	4.6	10.4	14.1				
HORSETOOTH	149.7	119.0	126.3	123.2				
JACKSON	26.1	25.0	25.0	30.6 J				
JULESBURG	20.5	19.3	19.7	21.5				
LAKE LOVELAND	10.3	9.8	6.8	11.0				
LONE TREE	8.7	8.2	7.8	8.6 J				
MARIANO	5.4	5.0	3.5	5.4				
MARSHALL		NO REPO	ORT	 				
MARSTON	13.0	11.5	8.2	15.3				
MILTON	23.5	21.4	18.3	19.3				
POINT OF ROCKS	70.6	62.0	57.0	66.3				
PREWITT	28.2	20.9	20.9	26.7				
RIVERSIDE	55.8	50.0	42.6	56.0				
SPINNEY MOUNTAIN	49.0	28.9	43.4	35.6				
STANDLEY	42.0	36.5	37.7	36.8				
TERRY LAKE	8.0	7.8	7.9	7.0				
UNION	13.0	8.5	11.3	12.2				
WINDSOR	15.2	14.1	11.6	15.0				

The snowpack medians are computed for the 1981-2010 base period and the reservoir averages are for the 1971-2000 base period.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
(3) - Median value used in place of average.

YAMPA, WHITE, NORTH PLATTE AND LARAMIE RIVER BASINS as of June 1, 2013





The month of May brought rapid snowmelt to the combined Yampa, White, North Platte and Laramie River basins. By June 1 the snowpack in these basins had fallen to 81 percent of median and just 25 percent of this year's peak snow accumulation total. The sub basins snowpack percentages range from 67 percent of median in the Little Snake drainage to 87 percent of median in the Laramie and North Platte watersheds. Precipitation received in these basins during May was only 72 percent of average amounts for this time of year. Year to date precipitation totals fell from 90 percent of average reported on May 1 to 88 percent of average as of June 1.

Storage volumes in Yamcolo and Stagecoach reservoirs increased again this month. These reservoirs are now storing 92, 000 acre-feet which is 111 percent of the average storage for the end of May. Streamflow forecasts issued this month did not change drastically from those issued last month. Overall the predictions for streamflow volumes this season are a vast improvement over what we saw last year in these basins. June to July streamflow volumes are now expected to range from 76 percent of average for the North Platte River near Northgate to 29 percent of average for Elkhead Creek above Long Gulch. The Yampa River above Stagecoach Reservoir is expected to run at 64 percent of average from June to July.

^{*}Based on selected stations

YAMPA, WHITE, AND NORTH PLATTE RIVER BASINS

Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

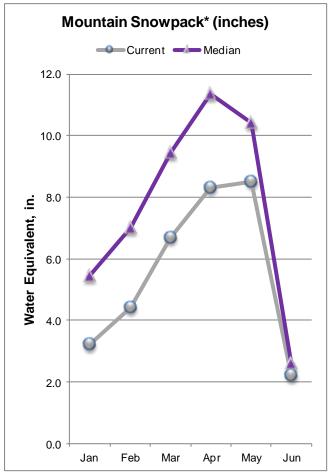
		Streamflow		.s - Jui						
						onditions ==				
Forecast Point		90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	 	50 (1000AF)	Exceeding * = 0% (% AVG.)	3 (10	0% : 00AF) (1	10% 000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
North Platte R nr Northgate	JUN-JUL JUN-SEP	49 56	75 88		93 110	76 75		111 132	137 164	123 146
Laramie R nr Woods	JUN-JUL JUN-SEP	24 29			46 54	65 66		55 64	68 79	71 82
Yampa R ab Stagecoach Reservoir (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	15.3 2.6	16.9 4.2		18.2 5.5	79 64		9.7 7.0	22 9.5	23 8.6
Yampa R at Steamboat Springs (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	176 50	193 67		205 80	79 67		220 94	245 117	260 119
Elk R nr Milner	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	200 67	220 89		240 105	75 66		255 123	285 152	320 159
Elkhead Ck ab Long Gulch	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	36 0.2	37 1.4		38 3.0	52 29		40 5.1	45 9.3	73 10.4
Yampa R nr Maybell (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	540 152	585 199		625 235	67 60		665 275	725 335	935 390
Little Snake R nr Slater (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	86 16.2	94 24		100 30	64 46		107 37	118 48	156 66
Little Snake R nr Dixon (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	121 16.0	137 32		150 45	44 33		166 61	194 89	345 135
Little Snake R nr Lily (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	113 15.0	133 35	 	151 53	44 40		173 75	215 116	345 134
White R nr Meeker	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	136 46	150 60		160 70	57 49		171 81	189 99	280 144
YAMPA, WHITE, AND NOR Reservoir Storage (1000	TH PLATTE F AF) - End	RIVER BASIN	IS		 	YAMPA, WHITE, Watershed Sr	AND NO	RTH PLATTI Analysis	E RIVER : - June 1	BASINS , 2013
Reservoir		*** Usabl This		***		rshed		Number of ata Sites	This	Year as % of
======================================								2	0	86
YAMCOLO	8.7	5.2	0.0	7.7	 NORTH	H PLATTE RIVE	R BASIN	3	633	74
					 TOTAI	L NORTH PLATI	E BASIN	5	734	77
					 ELK E	RIVER BASIN		1	0	0
					 YAMP <i>I</i>	A RIVER BASIN	1	8	505	81
					 WHITE	E RIVER BASIN	1	4	4780	85
					 TOTAI	L YAMPA AND W	WHITE RI	V 11	617	75
					 LITTI	LE SNAKE RIVE	R BASIN	6	388	67
					 TOTAI 	L YAMPA, WHIT	E AND N	0 19	765	75

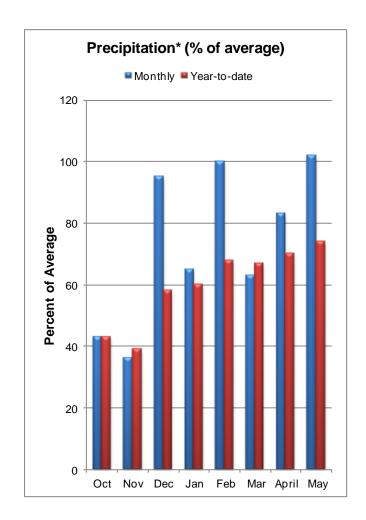
______ * 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2013





As of June 1, the snowpack in the Arkansas River basin was at 86 percent of median. The headwaters portion of the basin is the only area in the larger basin with any snow remaining, the southern tributaries are for the most part completely melted. June 1 measurements show the snowpack in the Upper Arkansas to be near normal at 96 percent of median, while the Cucharas, Huerfano and Purgatoire sub basins had no snow at any of the sites measured. Usually the basin reaches its peak on April 10th but storms at the end of April and the beginning of May helped boost the snowpack and extend the snow accumulation season. Since then, the basin has seen below normal temperatures which helped delayed melt in the Upper Arkansas sub basin. May precipitation was 102 percent of average in the basin and 154 percent of last year's May precipitation totals.

Reservoir storage is well below normal in the Arkansas basin, at just 50 percent of average and 63 percent of last year's end of May readings. Fortunately, the Upper Arkansas watershed is still holding snow and hopefully reservoir storage volumes will benefit from the late season runoff. April to September forecasts in the headwaters range from 66 percent of average for the Arkansas River at Salida to 28 percent of average for Grape Creek near Westcliffe. Forecasts for the tributaries range from 55 percent of average for the Huerfano River near Redwing to 26 percent of average for the Purgatoire River at Trinidad.

^{*}Based on selected stations

ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN

Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

		Streamilov 		sts - Ju	ine 1, 201				
		<<===== 	Drier =		Future Co	nditions ==	===== Wette	r ====>>] !
Forecast Point	Forecast			==== Ch					
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF	 	50 (1000AF)	% (% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Chalk Ck nr Nathrop	APR-JUL	8.3	10.7	 	12.7	61	15.0	18.8	21
	JUN-JUL	3.8	6.2	ļ.	8.2	50 [10.5	14.3	16.3
	APR-SEP JUN-SEP	9.1 4.6	12.4 7.9		15.1 10.6	58 51	18.2 13.7	23 19.0	26 21
				į		i			
Arkansas R at Salida (2)	APR-JUL	113	138	!	158	66 I	180	215	240
	JUN-JUL APR-SEP	54 131	79 166	- !	99 195	57 66	121 225	157 280	174 295
	JUN-SEP	72	107	i	136	59 I	166	220	230
Grape Ck nr Westcliffe	APR-JUL	1.7	2.6	1	3.7	23 I	5.2	8.2	15.9
Grape Ck III WestClille	JUN-JUL	0.1	1.0	-	2.1	25	3.6	6.6	8.3
	APR-SEP	2.2	3.8	i	5.5	28	7.6	11.6	19.6
	JUN-SEP	0.6	2.2	į	3.9	33	6.0	10.0	12.0
Arkansas R ab Pueblo (2)	APR-JUL	138	168	1	192	53 J	 220	265	360
	JUN-JUL	66	96	i	120	50	147	191	240
	APR-SEP	162	205	i	240	53	275	340	455
	JUN-SEP	90	134	!	168	50 j	205	270	335
Huerfano R nr Redwing	APR-JUL	4.4	5.5	i	6.4	54	7.4	9.1	11.9
-	JUN-JUL	1.9	3.0	i	3.9	55 i	4.9	6.6	7.1
	APR-SEP	5.5	7.1	- 1	8.3	55 I	9.7	12.1	15.2
	JUN-SEP	3.0	4.6	1	5.8	56 I	7.2	9.6	10.4
Cucharas R nr La Veta	APR-JUL	1.8	2.5	i	3.0	25	3.6	4.8	12.2
	JUN-JUL	0.8	1.4	ı	2.0	33	2.6	3.8	6.0
	APR-SEP	2.4	3.2	l	3.9	28	4.6	5.9	14.1
	JUN-SEP	1.4	2.2		2.9	37 	3.6 	4.9	7.8
Purgatoire R at Trinidad (2)	MAR-JUL	4.1	6.1	i	7.9	21	10.1	14.2	37
	JUN-JUL	1.2	3.2	!	5.0	26	7.2	11.3	19.4
	APR-SEP JUN-SEP	5.0 3.2	8.7 6.9	i	12.0 10.2	26 33	16.0 14.2	23 21	47 31
				i					
ARKANSA Reservoir Storage (AS RIVER BASIN 1000 AF) - End	of Mav			 		RKANSAS RIVER Nowpack Analy		1, 2013
					·				
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usabl This	le Storag Last	ie ***	 Water	shed	Numb of		Year as % of
Neset voit	Capacity	Year	Year	Avg	Mater	Siled	Data S		
ADOBE	62.0	6.2	22.1	33.0	====== UPPER	ARKANSAS BA	ASIN 3	1350	96
CT TAR CREEK	11 4	7.1	7.5			D10 (WWDD1	wo primp 1	•	•
CLEAR CREEK	11.4	7.1	7.5	6.3	Ì	RAS & HUERFA			0
CUCHARAS RESERVOIR		NO REPORT	ľ		PURGA	TOIRE RIVER	BASIN 2	0	0
GREAT PLAINS	150.0	0.0	0.0	39.3	TOTAL	ARKANSAS RI	VER BASI 5	1350	96
HOLBROOK	7.0	0.0	0.5	4.1	į				
HORSE CREEK	27.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	 				
JOHN MARTIN	616.0	20.5	28.4	128.1	 				
LAKE HENRY	8.0	0.9	6.4	5.7	1				
MEREDITH	42.0	9.8	21.6	18.5	1				
					1				
PUEBLO	354.0	147.7	211.9	160.1	1				
TRINIDAD	167.0	10.6	16.1	29.7	1				
TURQUOISE	127.0	42.8	81.3	77.6	I				

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

43.8

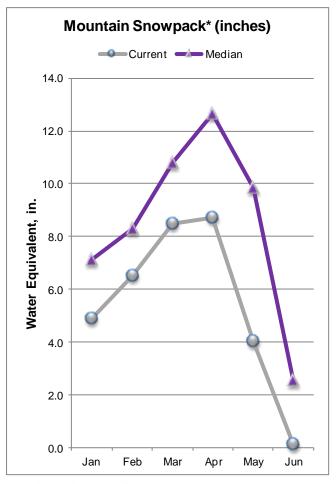
30.5

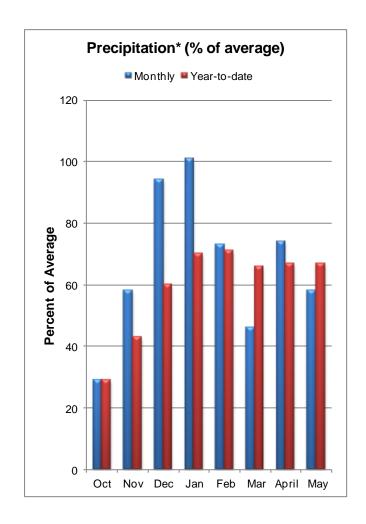
86.0

TWIN LAKES

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

UPPER RIO GRANDE RIVER BASIN as of June 1, 2013





As has been the case for most of this season, the June 1 snowpack in the Upper Rio Grande was one of the lowest of the major river basins in the state at 2 percent of median. Despite more favorable weather conditions at the end of April, the basin did not pick up enough snow to surpass the peak that was set in mid March. Since that time, the basin has been melting out at a pretty fair pace and as of June 1 only 1 out of the 10 SNOTEL sites in the basin had any snow water content remaining. The Alamosa Creek, Conejos and Rio San Antonio, and Culebra and Trinchera sub basins were completely melted out by mid May. Precipitation totals in the basin for the month of May were only 58 percent of average, and water year to date precipitation remained at 67 percent of average for the second consecutive month.

Reservoir storage is well below average for nearly all of the six reservoirs monitored in the basin. Overall, storage is 40 percent of average and 70 percent of the stored water available at this time last year. The most recent streamflow forecasts call for well below average flows in the upper reaches of the basin with conditions declining further as you move downstream. The hardest hit will be the streams originating in the Sangre de Cristo Mountains. June through September runoff is expected to range from 17 percent of average for Sangre de Cristo Creek to 45 percent of average for Saguache Creek near Saguache.

^{*}Based on selected stations

UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

		 <<=====	 Drier ==		 Future Co	nditions ===	===== Wetter	====>>	
		l ((======	DITEL		ruture con	narcions	Weller	/	
Forecast Point	Forecast	======	70%	=== Ch	ance Of Ex		30%	100	30 V- 3
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	 	509 (1000AF) 	6 AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Rio Grande at Thirty Mile Bridge (2 APR-SEP	54	61	, I	67	52	73	83	129
	JUN-SEP	20	27	!	33	39	39	49	84
	APR-JUL	50	55	!	59	52	63	70	113
	JUN-JUL	15.8	21	-	25	37	29	36	68
Rio Grande at Wagon Wheel Gap (2)	APR-SEP	136	152	į	165	49	179	200	340
	JUN-SEP	40	56	-	69	33 	83	106	210
SF Rio Grande at South Fork (2)	APR-SEP	50	54	İ	57	45 I	60	65	127
	JUN-SEP	12.3	16.2	-	19.1	29	22	27	65
Rio Grande nr Del Norte (2)	APR-SEP	178	205	i	230	45 I	255	300	515
	JUN-SEP	40	67	1	90	30 I	116	161	305
Saguache Ck nr Saguache (2)	APR-SEP	11.0	13.6	i	15.7	49	18.1	22	32
	JUN-SEP	4.3	6.9		9.0	45 I	11.4	15.4	20
Alamosa Ck ab Terrace Reservoir	APR-SEP	20	23	i	26	38	28	33	68
	JUN-SEP	6.7	9.7	1	12.0	32 	14.6	18.8	38
La Jara Ck nr Capulin	MAR-JUL	2.0	2.3	i	2.6	29	2.9	3.6	8.9
	JUN-JUL	0.2	0.5	- [0.8	36	1.2	1.8	2.3
Trinchera Ck ab Turners Ranch	APR-SEP	3.1	3.7	i	4.2	33	4.7	5.6	12.6
	JUN-SEP	1.6	2.2	!	2.7	35	3.2	4.1	7.8
Sangre de Cristo Ck (2)	APR-SEP	1.6	1.9	-	2.3	14	2.8	3.9	16.3
	JUN-SEP	0.1	0.4	į	0.8	17	1.4	2.5	5.0
Ute Ck nr Fort Garland	APR-SEP	2.7	3.7		4.5	35	5.5	7.2	12.8
	JUN-SEP	0.9	1.9	!	2.7	34	3.7	5.4	8.0
Platoro Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	23	25	i	27	48	29	32	56
	JUN-JUL	7.0	9.4	1	11.2	32	13.2	16.4	35
	APR-SEP	24	27	1	29	47	32	37	62
	JUN-SEP	8.0	11.1	1	13.6	33	16.3	21	41
Conejos R nr Mogote (2)	APR-SEP	70	80	i	87	45	95	109	194
	JUN-SEP	21	31	į	38	34	46	60	112
San Antonio R at Ortiz	APR-SEP	1.9	2.0	i	2.1	14	2.2	2.5	15.6
	JUN-SEP	0.0	0.1	į	0.1	11	0.3	0.6	1.3
Los Pinos R nr Ortiz	APR-SEP	18.4	19.4	-	23	32 I	29	44	73
200 121100 N 112 02022	JUN-SEP	0.0	1.1	i	4.9	20	11.4	26	24
Culebra Ck at San Luis (2)	ADD CED	3.6	. .	!	7.4	30	0.6	12.6	23
Culebra Ck at San Luis (2)	APR-SEP JUN-SEP	3.6 1.5	5.6 3.5	i	7.4 5.3	32 36	9.6 7.5	13.6 11.5	14.9
				1		. !			
Costilla Reservoir Inflow (2)	MAR-JUL JUN-JUL	2.9 1.0	3.2 1.3	-	3.5 1.6	32 29	3.8 1.8	4.2 2.3	11.1 5.3
	30N-30L	1.0	1.3	i	1.0	29	1.6	2.3	5.5
Costilla Ck nr Costilla (2)	MAR-JUL	6.4	6.9	!	7.4	29	7.9	8.8	26
	JUN-JUL	0.9	1.5	i i	2.0	20 	2.5	3.4	9.9
								======================================	
UPPER RIO Reservoir Storage (100	GRANDE BASII 0 AF) - End				 	UPPE Watershed Sno	R RIO GRANDE wpack Analys		, 2013
	Usahle I	*** Usabl	e Storage	***	 I		Numbe	r Thie	======================================
Reservoir	Capacity		Last		 Waters	shed	of		======================================
	I	Year	Year	Avg	 		Data Si	tes Last	Yr Median
CONTINENTAL	27.0	8.4	5.1	8.2	•	SA CREEK BASI		0	0

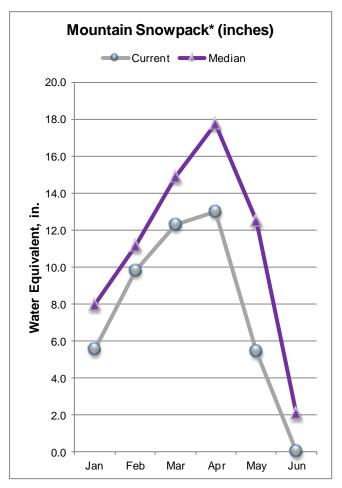
	age (1000 AF) - End	-		- 1	watersned Showpack Analysis - June 1, 2013					
Reservoir	Usable Capacity 	ity This Last			Watershed	Number of Data Sites		as % of Median		
CONTINENTAL	27.0	8.4	5.1	8.2	ALAMOSA CREEK BASIN	1	0	0		
PLATORO	60.0	8.9	19.6	24.5	CONEJOS & RIO SAN ANTON	110 2	0	0		
RIO GRANDE	51.0	6.6	10.1	24.2	CULEBRA & TRINCHERA CRE	EEK 2	0	0		
SANCHEZ	103.0	6.2	8.8	26.9	UPPER RIO GRANDE BASIN	4	0	2		
SANTA MARIA	45.0	6.8	7.4	11.4	TOTAL UPPER RIO GRANDE	BA 8	0	2		
TERRACE	18.0	4.3	7.6	8.0 						

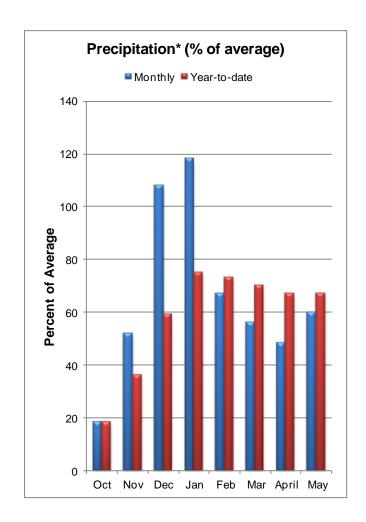
^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS as of June 1, 2013





The snowpack in the San Miguel, Dolores, Animas, and San Juan basins has essentially melted out. On June 1, only one SNOTEL site out of 16 in these basins had any measureable snow water equivalent remaining; that site, Wolf Creek Summit, was snow free by June 2. The June 1 snowpack report for these basins came in at just 2 percent of the median for this time of year. Mountain precipitation recorded in these basins during May was 60 of percent average. This is the fourth month in a row to record below average precipitation. Year to date precipitation in the basins was 67 percent of average for the second consecutive month.

As a percent of average, reservoir storage in the basins remained constant this month, at 67 percent of average. The total volume stored did increase slightly as a result of the snowmelt that occurred in May; total volumes at the end of May were 334,000 acre-feet up from 295, 000 acre-feet at the end of April. Forecasts in these basins declined again this month, with the only exception being the Inflow to Navajo Reservoir which increased by 2 percentage points, leaving the April to July forecast at 39 percent of average. Streamflows for the June to July period in these basins are expected to range from 37 percent of average for the Inflow to Vallecito Reservoir to 23 percent of average for the Dolores River at Dolores and the Inlet to Gurley Reservoir.

^{*}Based on selected stations

SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS, AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS

Streamflow Forecasts - June 1, 2013

		Streamilow ======		. ou	ne 1, 201	_ =========			
		<<=====	Drier ===	1	Tuture Co	nditions ==	===== Wetter	: ====>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast	======		== Cha	ance Of E	xceeding * =			
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	 	50 (1000AF)	% (% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Dolores R at Dolores	APR-JUL	 73	 79	= ==== 	84	34	90	99	
	JUN-JUL	10.1	16.1	į	21	23	27	36	92
McPhee Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	81	86	¦ .	91	31	96	104	295
	JUN-JUL	13.6	19.4	1	24	25	29	37	97
San Miguel R nr Placerville	APR-JUL	47	52	i	57	45	62	70	128
	JUN-JUL	14.6	20	1	25	33	30	38	75
Gurley Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	4.4	5.9	i	7.0	43	8.3	10.4	16.4
	JUN-JUL	0.4	0.9	!	1.3	23	1.8	2.8	5.6
Cone Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	0.3	0.8	i	1.2	40	1.8	3.0	3.0
	JUN-JUL	0.0	0.1	!	0.3	24	0.5	1.0	1.2
Lilylands Reservoir Inlet	APR-JUL	0.4	0.6		0.8	42	1.0	1.3	1.9
-	JUN-JUL	0.1	0.1	İ	0.2	27	0.3	0.5	0.7
Rio Blanco at Blanco Diversion (2)	APR-JUL	19.5	22		24	44	26	30	54
,,	JUN-JUL	2.6	5.0	į	7.0	30	9.4	13.5	23
Navajo R at Oso Diversion (2)	APR-JUL	21	24		26	40	29	34	65
	JUN-JUL	3.8	6.6	i	9.0	30	11.7	16.4	30
San Juan R nr Carracas (2)	APR-JUL	136	148	I	158	42	169	187	380
ban baan K nr Garracab (2)	JUN-JUL	26	38	i	48	30	59	77	158
Piedra R nr Arboles	APR-JUL	91	96	1	100	48	104	112	210
riedia k ili Albores	JUN-JUL	11.8	17.0	i	21	28	25	33	74
Vallecito Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	91	97	1	101	52	106	113	194
Vallecito Reservoir Iniiow (2)	JUN-JUL	27	33	i	37	37	42	49	99
Navajo Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	255	270	1	285	39	300	325	735
Navajo Reservoir Initiow (2)	JUN-JUL	30	46	i	59	20	73	97	290
Animas B at Busana	APR-JUL	156	178	!	196	47	215	250	415
Animas R at Durango	JUN-JUL	39	61	i	79	36	99	133	220
:		0.1		!	0.5	4.6	0.7	20	
Lemon Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	21 4.4	23 6.5		25 8.1	46 30	27 9.9	30 13.0	55 27
				İ					
La Plata R at Hesperus	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	6.6 1.0	7.1 1.6	l I	7.5 2.0	33 24	8.0 2.5	8.8 3.3	23 8.5
				į		i			
Mancos R nr Mancos (2)	APR-JUL JUN-JUL	7.5 0.7	8.5 1.7		9.4 2.6	30 25	10.5 3.7	12.5 5.7	31 10.4
	0011 002	• • •		i	2.0		5.,	0	20.1
SAN MIGUEL, DOLORES, ANIMAS			BASINS				S, ANIMAS, AND		
Reservoir Storage (1000) AF) - End 	of May =======			 	Watershed Sr	owpack Analys	is - June 1	L, 2013
	Usable		e Storage	***	l		Numbe	r This	Year as % of
Reservoir	Capacity 	This Year	Last Year	Avg	Water	shed	of Data Si	tes Last	Yr Median
GROUNDHOG	22.0	10.5		18.9	====== ANIMA	S RIVER BASI	:	0	0
	-2.0	-0.5			-111-1111			J	•

Reservoir Storage (1000 Ar) - End of May					watershed showpack Analysis - bune 1, 2013			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity 	*** Usa This Year	ble Stora Last Year	ge *** 	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Year	
GROUNDHOG	22.0	10.5	10.1	18.9	ANIMAS RIVER BASIN	6	0	0
JACKSON GULCH	10.0	3.6	8.2	9.3	DOLORES RIVER BASIN	3	0	0
LEMON	40.0	14.7	32.0	29.2	SAN MIGUEL RIVER BASIN	3	0	0
MCPHEE	381.0	215.6	338.2	328.0	SAN JUAN RIVER BASIN	3	0	3
NARRAGUINNEP	19.0	9.3	13.6	17.4	TOTAL SAN MIGUEL, DOLOR	RES 14	0	2
VALLECITO	126.0	80.5	123.9	93.9 	AN JUAN RIVER BASINS			

 $[\]star$ 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1981-2010 base period, except for the reservoir averages which are from 1971-2000.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.



Denver Federal Center, Bldg 56, Rm 2604 PO Box 25426 Denver, CO 80225-0426

Resources Conservation Service web page at http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/wsf/westwide.html In addition to the basin outlook reports, water supply forecast information for the Western United States is available from the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the National Weather Service monthly, January through May. The information may be obtained from the Natural

Issued by

Released by

Jason Weller Acting Chief

Phyllis Ann Philipps State Conservationist

Natural Resources Conservation Service U.S. Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Lakewood, Colorado

Colorado Basin Outlook Report

Natural Resources Conservation Service Lakewood, CO